

PRRI/Brookings October 2016 Survey Total = 1,005 (405 Landline, 600 Cell phone) October 12 - 17, 2016

Q.1 How would you rate your chances of voting in the 2016 presidential election?

Oct.	Sept.	Aug.	
<u>2016</u>	2012^{1}	<u>2012</u>	
66	71	70	Absolutely certain to vote
6	9	10	Probably will vote
9	10	8	Chances are 50-50
16	9	9	Less than 50-50 chance
<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	100	100	Total

Turning to a different subject...

REGIST Are you registered to vote at your present address or not?

79 Yes

19 No

<u>2</u> Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

100 Total

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¹ Question was asked about chances of voting in the 2012 presidential election.

IF CURRENTLY REGISTERED TO VOTE (REGIST=1), ASK [N=841]:

Q.2 If the 2016 presidential election were being held today and the candidates were [INSERT; RANDOMIZE] and [INSERT], for whom would you vote?

IF DON'T KNOW/REFUSED (Q.2=9), ASK [N=127]:

Q.3 As of today, do you lean more toward [INSERT; RANDOMIZE] or [INSERT]?

REGISTERED VOTERS

		Sept. 28-	Sept. 22-	Late	Early	
Oct. 12-	Oct. 5-9,	Oct. 2,	25,	Aug.	Aug.	
<u>17, 2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	
49	49	46	45	48	48	Hillary Clinton, the Democrat
46	46	42	42	45	45	Clinton
3	3	4	2	3	3	Leans Clinton
33	36	38	39	35	36	Donald Trump, the Republican
31	33	35	<i>37</i>	33	34	Trump
3	3	3	2	2	2	Leans Trump
3	1	3	2	2	2	Gary Johnson (VOL.)
*	*	*	1	*	1	Jill Stein (VOL.)
5	4	6	5	5	5	Some other candidate (VOL.)
<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	100	100	100	100	100	Total

LIKELY VOTERS

		Sept. 28-	Sept. 22-	
Oct. 12-	Oct. 5-9,	Oct. 2,	25,	
<u>17, 2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	
51	49	47	43	Hillary Clinton, the Democrat
48	47	44	42	Clinton
3	2	3	1	Leans Clinton
36	38	41	43	Donald Trump, the Republican
34	36	39	42	Trump
2	2	2	1	Leans Trump
3	2	3	2	Gary Johnson (VOL.)
*	*	*	1	Jill Stein (VOL.)
4	4	4	3	Some other candidate (VOL.)
<u>6</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>7</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	100	100	100	Total

IF CURRENTLY REGISTERED TO VOTE (REGIST=1), ASK [N=841]:

Q.4 And if the 2016 election was being held TODAY. If you had to choose between **[READ AND ROTATE]** in your election district, who would you vote for? **IF DON'T KNOW/REFUSED (Q4=9), ASK [N=101]:**

Q.5 As of TODAY, do you LEAN more towards [READ, ROTATE IN SAME ORDER AS Q2]?

REGISTERED VOTERS

39	The Republican candidate
36	Republican candidate
3	Leans Republican
51	The Democratic candidate
48	Democratic candidate
3	Leans Democrat
*	Tea Party candidate (VOL.)
2	Other/Third party candidate (VOL.)
2	Not voting (VOL.)
<u>7</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	Total

LIKELY VOTERS

40	The Republican candidate
39	Republican candidate
2	Leans Republican
52	The Democratic candidate
49	Democratic candidate
3	Leans Democrat
0	Tea Party candidate (VOL.)
1	Other/Third party candidate (VOL.)
1	Not voting (VOL.)
<u>5</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	Total

ASK ALL:

Q.6 Thinking about your vote for president, how important is it for a candidate to have strong religious beliefs?

Oct.	Aug.	Oct.	
<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2011</u>	
29	30	39	Very important
29	30	27	Somewhat important
14	16	14	Not too important
26	22	19	Not at all important
<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	100	100	Total

Q.7 Now, as I read some statements on a few different topics, please tell me if you completely agree, mostly agree, mostly DISagree or completely disagree with each one. (First/Next) [INSERT; RANDOMIZE].

a. The moral behavior of a candidate is a good indication of how well they would do as president

Oct.	Jan.	
<u>2016</u>	<u>1988</u> ²	
34	29	Completely agree
43	39	Mostly agree
10	17	Mostly disagree
8	10	Completely disagree
<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	100	Total

b. I would rather vote for someone I disagree with than support a candidate whom I think is unfit to be president.

- 34 Completely agree
- 34 Mostly agree
- 12 Mostly disagree
- 13 Completely disagree
- 7 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
- 100 Total

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² Atlanta Journal-Constitution Survey, January 1988. In survey, the question read, "The moral behavior of a candidate is a good indication of how well he would do as president."

Q.8 Do you think an elected official who commits an immoral act in their personal life can still behave ethically and fulfill their duties in their public and professional life?

Oct.	June	
<u>2016</u>	<u>2011</u>	
61	44	Yes
29	44	No
5	10	Depends (VOL.)
<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100	100	Total
PARTY	General	ly speaking, do you usually think of yourself as?
23	A Republi	can
30	A Democr	at
35	An indepe	endent
3	Other (SP	ECIFY) (VOL.)
<u>9</u>	Don't kno	w/Refused (VOL.)
100	Total	

IF INDEPENDENT, OTHER, DON'T KNOW, OR REFUSED [PARTY=3-9], ASK [N=454]:

PARTYLN As of today do you lean more towards the Republican Party or more towards the Democratic Party?

- 25 Republican
- 33 Democrat
- 12 Other (SPECIFY)
- 30 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
- 100 Total

IF REPUBLICAN OR LEAN REPUBLICAN [PARTY=1 OR PARTYLN=1], ASK [N=377]:

- Q.9 How well, if at all, do you think Donald Trump represents the future of the Republican Party?
 - 27 Very well
 - 30 Somewhat well
 - 19 Not too well
 - Not at all well
 - <u>3</u> Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
 - 100 Total

IF DEMOCRAT OR LEAN DEMOCRATIC [PARTY=2 OR PARTYLN=2], ASK [N=456]:

Q.10 How well, if at all, do you think Hillary Clinton represents the future of the Democratic Party?

- Very well
- 42 Somewhat well
- Not too well
- 9 Not at all well
- <u>2</u> Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
- 100 Total

Survey Methodology

The survey was designed and conducted by PRRI in partnership with The Brookings Institution. The survey was made possible by generous grants from the Ford Foundation and the Nathan Cummings Foundation. Results of the survey were based on bilingual (Spanish and English) RDD telephone interviews conducted between October 12, 2016, and October 17, 2016, by professional interviewers under the direction of SSRS. Interviews were conducted among a random sample of 1,005 adults 18 years of age or older living in the United States (600 respondents were interviewed on a cell phone). The selection of respondents within households was accomplished by randomly requesting to speak with the youngest adult male or female currently living in the household.

Data collection is based on stratified, single-stage, random-digit-dialing (RDD) sample of landline telephone households and randomly generated cell phone numbers. The sample is designed to represent the total U.S. adult population and includes respondents from all 50 states, including Hawaii and Alaska. The landline and cell phone samples are provided by Marketing Systems Group.

The weighting is accomplished in two separate stages. The first stage of weighting corrects for different probabilities of selection associated with the number of adults in each household and each respondent's telephone usage patterns.³ In the second stage, sample demographics are balanced to match target population parameters for gender, age, education, race and Hispanic ethnicity, region (U.S. Census definitions), population density and telephone usage. The population density parameter was derived from Census 2010 data. The telephone usage parameter came from an analysis of the July-December 2015 National Health Interview Survey. All other weighting parameters are derived from an analysis of the U.S. Census Bureau's May 2016 Current Population Survey.

The sample weighting is accomplished using an iterative proportional fitting (IFP) process that simultaneously balances the distributions of all variables. Weights were trimmed to prevent individual interviews from having too much influence on the final results. The use of these weights in statistical analysis ensures that the demographic characteristics of the sample closely approximate the demographic characteristics of the target populations.

The margin of error for the entire sample is +/- 3.7 percentage points at the 95% level of confidence. The survey included a subsample of 692 likely voters. The margin of error for the subsample of likely voters is +/- 4.4 percentage points at the 95% level of confidence. The design effect for the survey is 1.4. In addition to sampling error, surveys may also be subject to error or bias due to question wording, context and order effects.

³ Telephone usage refers to whether respondents have only a landline telephone, only a cell phone, or both types.

Appendix

Table 1. Demographic, Political, and Religious Subgroup Sample Sizes (All figures are unweighted)

(All figures are unweighted)				
	General			
	<u>Public</u>			
Total Sample	1,005			
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Male	515			
Female	490			
Democrat	298			
Independent	354			
Republican	253			
Desistanted victor	841			
Registered voter	692			
Likely voter	092			
Clinton likely voter	344			
Trump likely voter	263			
The state of the s				
White, non-Hispanic	705			
Black, non-Hispanic	98			
Hispanic	119			
White, no college degree	415			
White, college degree	285			
A = 0.10, 20	157			
Age 18-29 30-49	235			
50-64	291			
65+	321			
White evangelical Protestant	180			
White mainline Protestant	153			
Non-white Protestant	135			
Catholic	205			
White Catholic	140			
Religiously unaffiliated	219			
J J				